

## Objectives

- Understand ARM v8-R architecture and Cortex-R52/R52+ features.
- Learn pipeline behavior and instruction execution.
- Master exception handling and memory systems.
- Explore virtualization and safety features.
- Implement synchronization and debug techniques.

## Prerequisites

- Basic knowledge of ARM architecture
- Familiarity with embedded systems
- Experience in assembler programming (optional)

## Target audience

- Software developers working with ARM architecture
- System architects
- Embedded systems engineers

## Course Environment

- Theoretical course
  - PDF course material (in English) supplemented by a printed version.
  - The trainer answers trainees' questions during the training and provide technical and pedagogical assistance.
- At the start of each session the trainer will interact with the trainees to ensure the course fits their expectations and correct if needed

## Evaluation modalities

- The prerequisites indicated above are assessed before the training by the technical supervision of the trainee in his company, or by the trainee himself in the exceptional case of an individual trainee.
- Trainee progress is assessed by quizzes offered at the end of various sections to verify that the trainees have assimilated the points presented
- At the end of the training, each trainee receives a certificate attesting that they have successfully completed the course.
  - In the event of a problem, discovered during the course, due to a lack of prerequisites by the trainee a different or additional training is offered to them, generally to reinforce their prerequisites, in agreement with their company manager if applicable.

## Plan

### First Day

## ARM v8-R Architecture overview

- Core registers
- Exception model

- Instruction sets
- Memory model
- Virtualization

## Introduction to Cortex-R52/R52+

- Overview
- Memory System
  - TCM Memory
  - Level-1 caches
  - Direct access to internal memory
  - AXIM interface
  - Low-latency peripheral port
  - Flash interface
  - AXIS interface
  - Error detection and handling
- Safety and Configurable options
  - DCLS
  - Spin-lock

## Pipeline and ISA

- Pipeline
- Instruction execution
- Conditional instructions
- Flag-setting instructions
- Timings
  - Instructions cycle timings
  - Base instructions cycle timings
  - Pipeline Behavior
  - Skewing
  - Dual-issuing
  - Load / Store
  - Division and square root
  - Floating-point and Advanced SIMD Multiply accumulate instructions
  - Instructions with exceptional behavior
- A32 and T32 instructions

## Second Day

## Exceptions Model

- Exception state
- Exception levels
- Reset state in ARMv8-R
- Interrupt
  - Controller
  - Handling
- Virtualization

## Level 1 memory system (Cache and TCM)

- Cache
  - Cache basics: organization, replacement algorithm, write policies
  - Cache organization
  - Write with allocate policy
  - Understanding transient cache line load / store: linefill buffers, eviction buffer
  - Cache maintenance operations
- TCM

- Tightly Coupled Memories, address decoding
- ITCM and DTCM configuration
- Accessing the TCMs from the AXI slave interface
- ECC protection, TCM internal error detection and correction
- Preloading TCMs with ECC
- Using TCMs from reset
- Memory ordering
- Memory Barriers
- Shared Resource management

## Memory Protection Unit (MPU)

- Memory protection overview
- MPU regions
- Virtualization support

## Third Day

## GICv3

- Introduction
- Fundamentals
- Configuring the GIC (SPI, PPI, SGI ...)
- Handling Interrupts
- Configuring LPIs
- Virtualization

## ARMv8-R Virtualization with safety considerations

- Introduction to virtualization
  - Basic concepts
  - Virtual interrupts
  - Trapping exceptions
  - Trapping instructions and register access
  - PMSA (MPU)
  - Virtual timers
  - Virtual machine IDs
  - Backup registers
- Examples of virtualization
  - Guest OS switcher
  - OS monitor
  - Virtual interrupts

## Synchronization overview

- Inter-Processor Interrupts
- Cluster ID
- Exclusive access monitor, implementing Boolean semaphores
- Global monitor
- Spin-lock implementation
- Using events

## Performance Monitoring Unit (PMU)

- Event interface
- Counters
- Authentication signals and PMU behavior

## Debug

- Debug overview (External debug, self-hosted debug ...)
- Cross trigger
- Embedded Trace Macrocell (ETM)

## Renseignements pratiques

**Inquiry : 3 days**